

**City of Long Beach**  
**Many Unique Neighborhoods**  
**One Great City**



**Dr. Suja Lowenthal**  
Vice Mayor

### **Memorandum**

**To:** Mayor and City Council

November 18, 2014

**From:** Suja Lowenthal, Second District *SL*  
Suzie Price, Third District *SP*  
Stacy Mungo, Fifth District *SM*

**Subject:** Mandatory Spay & Neuter Ordinance

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#### **REQUESTED ACTION:**

Respectfully request the City Manager and City Attorney return in 90 days with a draft ordinance making it mandatory for dog owners to spay or neuter their pets unless they possess a medical exclusion or breeding permit from the Department of Parks, Recreation and Marine, Animal Care Services Bureau.

Request the City Manager include recommendations for supporting the successful introduction and implementation of the Mandatory Spay & Neuter Ordinance, including but not limited to public education, spay/neuter vouchers, mobile services and enforcement through administrative citations and license canvassing.

Request the City Attorney draft an ordinance making it unlawful to sell dogs, cats or rabbits in any pet shop, retail business, or other commercial establishment, unless they were (1) obtained from the city animal shelter, humane society, or nonprofit rescue organization or (2) bred on the premises possessing a breeding permit.

#### **BACKGROUND INFORMATION:**

With ongoing support from City Council, city management and a passionate animal care community, Animal Care Services (ACS) has made significant strides to care for and manage our City's owned and free-roaming animal populations. Our common goal is to reduce the number of animals euthanized every year by increasing responsible pet ownership, return-to-owner rates, pet adoptions and spay/neuter services. To this end, legislative actions taken by City Council in 2007 and 2009 resulted in the expansion of low-cost spay & neuter services, volunteer and enforcement programs, mobile clinics, microchipping, cat licensing and creation of a full-time Licensed Veterinarian position, which has improved the health and adoption rates of animals in the Village. Such initiatives had a dramatic impact on our animal population in 2013, as the total number of animals impounded and euthanized were the lowest in 25 years, return-to-owner numbers were the highest in 6 years and the percentage of dogs and cats finding homes jumped by more than 25%. The attached staff reports detail the actions taken and achievements experienced by Animal Care Services.

## **DISCUSSION:**

Even with the good work of our ACS and community partners, more pro-active measures can and should be taken to reduce pet overpopulation and irresponsible pet ownership. To illustrate this point, ACS impounded approximately 4,440 dogs in 2013, which works out to be 12 dogs per day, seven days per week. Of that total, approximately 1 in 4 were puppies and a vast majority was unaltered. Of the dogs impounded, 60% were either returned to their owner, adopted or transferred to rescues.

Currently, owners may obtain a permit for their unaltered dog, but only in cases of medical exclusions (certified by a veterinarian that the dog cannot be safely altered) or for an AKC Certified show dog (must show proof). Dog owners who choose to keep illegally unaltered pets increase the risk of accidental litters when their dog gets out of the yard or mates with another dog in the yard. Another notable segment of animals impounded by ACS are those coming from illegal backyard breeding that have been dumped in our city's parks or on our streets. Tragically, some female pit bulls are bred for only one litter before being dumped by their owner in favor of a younger female in the litter.

By requiring dogs to be spayed/neutered, the City of Long Beach is sending a clear message to its residents that irresponsible ownership will not be tolerated, and we are providing Animal Care Services Bureau with another effective tool for motivating dog owners. We believe the ordinance will decrease the "give-aways" of unplanned litters to family members, friends and neighbors. Abandonment, strays and ferals will also decrease. Not to mention the health benefits for dogs in receiving veterinarian attention and females in particular, by reducing their risk of mammary and ovarian cancer, infection and stress. Lastly, ACS will have more kennel and cattery space, which will allow them to house animals longer for potential adoption.

In 2010, City Council adopted an ordinance requiring cats to be licensed, adding another tool for ACS to use in addressing the large number of cats impounded each year. The prevailing wisdom being that cats are just as important to their owners as dogs to theirs, so each should be treated with the same value and appreciation by ACS and our municipal code. However, in our current municipal code, we require cats to be spayed/neutered, but not dogs. If the predominant numbers of impounded dogs are unaltered, it makes sense for the City to mandate alteration while expanding its partnerships and role in providing low-cost spay/neuter services to its residents.

In 2013, ACS and its partners provided vouchers or performed alterations for over 3,000 animals. This does not include the number of animals spayed or neutered at standard cost in one of 23 local veterinary hospitals/clinics. To be sure, Long Beach is extremely fortunate to have several passionate and dedicated partners and veterinarians working to reduce euthanasia and pet overpopulation – among them are Friends of Long Beach Animals, who fund and distribute vouchers and Fix Long Beach, who offer free spay/neuter services in their mobile unit. It is also worth noting that the City expects to have its own clinic at the ACS Village open in the near future.

The cost of a spay/neuter procedure can range from (\$40 - \$500) at a veterinarian hospital/clinic. Vouchers from Friends of Long Beach Animals cover the entire cost of the procedure at their contracted clinic for residents requiring financial assistance. Using funding from Hope 4 Paws, ACS and other groups, Fix Long Beach provides free spay/neuter services to residents. ACS also provides \$30 vouchers to assist with the cost of spay/neuter procedures at several local clinics.

We encourage the City Manager to identify additional revenue sources, donors and grants to expand the already successful low-cost spay/neuter voucher program. However, we also believe that proper veterinary care such as check ups and spay/neuter are functions of responsible pet ownership and should be factored into an individual's decision to own a pet. There are lessons to be learned from other municipalities and our own animal care community, so we would like staff to include them in their research and recommendations.

**FISCAL IMPACT:**

No immediate fiscal impact. Costs for implementation and enforcement will be included in staff's recommendations.



**Date:** February 5, 2014  
**To:** Patrick H. West, City Manager  
**From:** George Chapjian, Director of Parks, Recreation and Marine  
**For:** Mayor and Members of the City Council  
**Subject:** 2013 Animal Care Services Accomplishments

In 2013 the Department of Parks, Recreation and Marine, Animal Care Services Division achieved an incredible year. Goals that previously seemed unattainable are now within reach. The accomplishments listed below would not have been possible without the support of our Elected Officials, City Management, hard working staff, and dedicated volunteers and community partners.

- 10,549 total animals impounded. Lowest in 25 years & first time under 11,000.
- Over 1900 pets spayed/neutered
- Overall Euthanasia was the lowest in 25 years and 11% lower than 2012.
- Increased the number of dogs and cats returned to their owners to the highest levels in six years even with record low numbers of impounds.
- Increased dog and cat adoptions by over 33%.
- Increased dog and cat transfers/rescues by over 27%
- 2332 Volunteer hours logged. Over 23% increase from 2012.
- Increased social media presence on Facebook from 1100 to over 3700 followers, and still growing!
- Launched a new free Mobile App, "Long Beach Animal Care Services" highlighting adoptable animals and making it even easier for people to find dog parks, emergency animal clinics and lost pets.

While we are proud of what was achieved in 2013, we will always strive to do better. We are dedicated to continue to forge new partnerships, explore new ideas and programs and find even more ways to improve and work towards our vision of being the "Safest Large City for People and Animals".

If you have any questions please contact me at 8-3170 or Ted Stevens, Manager of Animal Care Services at 8-3051.

C: Suzanne Frick, Assistant City Manager  
Reginald I. Harrison, Deputy City Manager  
Tom Modica, Deputy City Manager



# CITY OF LONG BEACH

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

~~R-28~~

2525 GRAND AVENUE • LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA 90816 • (562) 570-4000 • FAX: (562) 570-4049

May 4, 2010

HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL  
City of Long Beach  
California

## RECOMMENDATION:

1. Initiate a multi-year expansion of low-cost spay and neuter resources for both owned and free-roaming animals beginning with vouchers supported by local veterinarians, and working towards a City-run clinic under the direction of a full-time State Licensed Veterinarian, provided that costs can be fully off-set;
2. Provide direction to staff if cat licensing should be required in the City of Long Beach;
3. Develop a funding and implementation plan for regular adoption, microchip, and licensing clinics under the direction of a State Licensed Veterinarian; and
4. Develop a plan to implement a formal Animal Care Ambassador program to support adoptions, special events, license canvassing and humane education citywide. (Citywide)

## DISCUSSION

The City Council approved a motion on October 20, 2009 requesting the City Manager to recommend strategies for reducing euthanasia and increasing redemption of healthy animals at the City's shelter. The following recommendations were crafted with significant feedback from residents and animal owners from the City of Long Beach. In addition to conducting an online survey of community feedback which generated 82 responses, Animal Care Services staff discussed the City Council's direction with approximately 425 residents, at 20 community meetings held between October 2009 and March 2010.

For purposes of clarity, the following recommendations are organized by four related goals as defined in the original motion.

1. **Goal One:** *Reduce the number of unwanted animals through the promotion of low-cost spay and neuter procedures at local veterinary hospitals and clinics.*

Consensus opinion is that too many healthy animals are euthanized each year at the City shelter. Reducing euthanasia of healthy animals is by far the highest priority of those participating in the survey and community meetings. Feedback clearly indicates that there is significant support for expanded spay and neuter resources as the strategy for reducing impounds and euthanasia of healthy animals, particularly cats.

While a City-sponsored clinic for low-cost spay and neuter services (mobile or otherwise) is desired, the City currently lacks a full-time State-Licensed Veterinarian to oversee its development and medical procedures (the Department uses a part-time contract veterinarian to fulfill basic State requirements to operate). Lack of a full-time Licensed Veterinarian also makes it difficult for the City to attract grant funding from private and non-profit organizations.

Legislative strategies including mandatory spay and neuter for all animals were also a point of discussion at community meetings. Mandatory spay and neuter for cats, and licenses for unaltered dogs, are already required by the Long Beach Municipal Code (LBMC). Further legislative changes are not recommended until the City can provide more affordable options for spay and neuter services to those residents in need.

**Recommendation One:** Provided that costs can be fully off-set, initiate a multi-year expansion of low-cost spay and neuter resources for both owned and free-roaming animals with continued vouchers supported by local veterinarians, and working towards a City-run clinic under the direction of a full-time State Licensed Veterinarian.

2. **Goal Two:** *Reduce the number of animals impounded at the City shelter through the promotion of a citywide licensing program that includes all animals (e.g., cats, dogs and other).*

Through extensive outreach, staff received both positive and negative feedback for expanding licensing and rabies requirements to include cats, as a strategy for reducing animal impounds and improving public health and safety.

As a result of the online community survey, approximately 78 percent of respondents indicate support for expanding licensing requirements to include cats, and over 80 percent support mandatory microchipping of pets to improve return-to-owner rates. Providing similar standards for all animal owners in the City is a priority for residents and the basis for a more equitable public policy. The proposal under consideration will require cat owners to annually license and vaccinate cats. In order to license a cat, the owner must show proof that the animal has been vaccinated for rabies. Existing law requires that all cats must be spayed or neutered in the City of Long

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Beach. Therefore, unaltered cat licenses will not be available. Vaccinations may be obtained through low-cost clinics or by private veterinarians and spay and neutering could occur through vouchers or private veterinarians. While rabies is the required vaccination, typically other vaccinations such as FVRCP will often be given to address the most common communicable diseases including Feline Viral Rhinotracheitis, Calici Virus, and Panleukopeni. The owner will be responsible for obtaining the vaccination and incurring the costs. However, the health benefits from vaccinations are a significant benefit to the animal. While fees are established by the City Council, similar fees for cat licensing in the region are approximately \$10. The vaccination costs to the owner will be approximately \$10, and spay and neuter costs average from \$29.50 to \$120 per animal. In the first three years, license fees are projected to generate \$80,000 in annual revenue to the City if only 8,000 of a total estimated 123,000 (6 percent) household cats are registered.

Based on projections from the American Veterinary Medical Association (AVMA), it is estimated that there are approximately 123,000 domesticated cats under the care of residents, and an unknown number of feral cats in Long Beach. The program under consideration would apply to all domesticated cats in the City. A cat licensing program will utilize the same staffing resources of the current animal licensing program. Since this program would be a General Fund expense, investments in new staffing would only occur if new revenues fully offset the proposed program staffing and implementation costs.

There are pros and cons to licensing cats in Long Beach. The pros consist of:

- Licensing will help to identify lost cats and reunite them with their owners, decreasing impound rates.
- Vaccinations will help maintain a cat's health and reduce the spread of disease and outbreaks such as upper respiratory infection, herpes, and feline distemper.
- Owners will be held accountable for local laws requiring mandatory spay and neuter of their cats thereby reducing feral cat populations.

The cons consist of:

- Increases cost to cat owners, particularly the elderly and low-income residents.
- Indoor cats would be required to be licensed and vaccinated even though they don't pose the same public health threat as outdoor cats.
- Creates a disincentive towards the adoption and ownership of cats.
- Increases regulations and costs to the City for implementation and enforcement of the program.

The initiation of such a program is a significant commitment on the part of the City requiring substantial outreach and resident education throughout the City. All costs of a cat licensing program would be completely supported by new revenue and staff from the existing animal licensing program. Therefore there would be no new costs to the General Fund. The initiation of a licensing program is a City Council policy

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decision, therefore staff is requesting direction from the Council on whether or not to embark on such a program.

Should the City Council decide to implement a cat licensing regulation, staff would recommend that residents be provided with a reasonable grace period to get animals vaccinated and licensed before the fees are applied. To increase compliance, residents should be provided with a reasonable time period (6-12 months) where licensing is free and spay and neuter vouchers are provided before the regulations are enforced. Finally a "free ride home program" has been implemented in some locations as an incentive to microchip and license animals. Long Beach could provide a similar program for cats should funding become available.

**Recommendation Two:** Provide direction to staff if cat licensing should be required in the City of Long Beach;

3. **Goal Three:** *Increase the number of animals returned to their owners (and reduce euthanasia of unclaimed animals) by increasing access to education, licensing and microchipping services in hard-to-reach communities, particularly those where animal populations have been difficult to manage.*

Community feedback indicates that the City is not doing enough to make opportunities for adoption, microchipping and licensing accessible to residents, particularly in the hardest to reach areas. A current license and microchip remains the most effective tool to help return animals to their owners. There is significant support among community members for regular mobile clinics providing convenient adoption, microchipping and licensing services, particularly in areas farthest from the shelter. These mobile clinics should be provided in high profile areas such as the dog parks, and rotate throughout each of the Council Districts.

Additionally, online licensing and the use of technology to provide email alerts is another suggestion from the community survey. The City has recently implemented [www.petharbor.com](http://www.petharbor.com) which provides updated pictures of impounded animals for redemption or adoption every 60 minutes, and we will work toward web-licensing when online payment processing becomes available.

Currently, the City works with non-profit rescue groups such as the spcaLA, Friends of Long Beach Animals, and Animal Match Rescue Team to provide adoptions due to the lack of staffing for its own direct adoptions program. A full-time State Licensed Veterinarian is recommended if the City expands in-house adoption opportunities, along with the enhanced spay and neutering services, to ensure healthy adoptions, exit exams, and rabies shots consistent with State law. Increased microchipping and licensing will reduce the City's impound costs, increase revenue from annual licensing and ultimately increase return rates and lower total euthanasia's performed.



**Recommendation Three:** Develop a funding and implementation plan for regular adoption, microchip, and licensing clinics under the direction of a State Licensed Veterinarian.

4. **Goal Four:** *Expand education and volunteer training programs to support the mission of Animal Care Services and enforcement of the municipal code, particularly in those areas of the City where animal populations have become difficult to manage.*

Community feedback indicates that Animal Care Services does not provide enough opportunity for volunteers, and is thereby missing an important opportunity to expand services. Through the online community survey, over 20 residents indicated that they would be willing to volunteer for license canvassing, special events, and humane education. Additionally, residents wish to see more strategic promotion of animal laws through media placement and multi-lingual mailers (e.g., utility billing, corridor signage, advertisements in local papers).

There are a number of models in the City of Long Beach of successful volunteer programs that provide valuable services to residents at little or no cost (e.g., Fire Ambassadors, Senior Police Volunteers). However, these programs indicate that successful implementation requires a structured program for screening, selecting, training and managing volunteers, and a dedication of resources to maintaining the program over time.

**Recommendation Four:** Develop a plan to implement a formal Animal Care Ambassador program to support adoptions, special events, license canvassing and humane education citywide.

This matter was reviewed by Deputy City Attorney Cristyl Meyers on March 22, 2010 and by Budget and Performance Management Bureau Manager David Wodynski on April 20, 2010.

#### TIMING CONSIDERATIONS

City Council action on this item is not time critical.

#### FISCAL IMPACT

It is the goal of all of the recommended actions to add no new net costs to the General Fund. Successfully expanding low-cost spay and neuter, vaccination, adoption and microchip clinics, will legally require oversight from a full-time State Licensed Veterinarian. The approximate salary range for this position at similar agencies is between \$130,000 - \$160,000 per year (fully loaded). However, these costs are largely offset by new and expanded revenue-generating activities (e.g., sheltering fees, onsite medical care, walk-in clinics, mobile vaccination, adoption and microchipping clinics) made available through full-time support provided. Through the establishment of walk-in hours at the Shelter and up to ten mobile clinics in locations throughout the City per

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year, staff estimates that a full-time veterinarian will help to directly generate approximately \$81,700 of new revenue per year. Also, it is anticipated that the City will become eligible for privately-funded grant opportunities. Revenue is expected to grow over time as new programs are initiated, ultimately offsetting the costs of the recommended position. Providing a full-time State Licensed Veterinarian will also provide immediate savings from the cost of contract veterinarians, spay/neuter vouchers and outside medical support. Staff will continue to seek private funding, partnerships, and grants for one-time investments in medical equipment and vehicles, while revenues from fee-based services will support ongoing costs for these programs. While expanded enforcement and administration of cat licensing will create an additional workload, this work will be absorbed by the current animal licensing program.

**SUGGESTED ACTION:**

Approve recommendation.

Respectfully submitted,



RONALD R. ARIAS  
DIRECTOR  
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Attachment

APPROVED:



PATRICK H. WEST  
CITY MANAGER

City of Long Beach  
Working Together to Serve



~~R-25~~  
Suja Lowenthal  
Councilmember, 2<sup>nd</sup> District

## Memorandum

To: Mayor and City Council

October 20, 2009

From: Suja Lowenthal, Second District  
Gary DeLong, Third District  
Patrick O'Donnell, Fourth District

Subject: Animal Care Services

### REQUESTED ACTION:

Respectfully request the City Manager work with the City Attorney to review the Long Beach Municipal Code for necessary changes related to spay/neutering, cat licensing, mobile unit education, enabling Long Beach Animal Care Services to better manage animal populations throughout the city.

Request the City Manager develop recommendations for council review within the next 60 days that achieves the following goals:

1. Reduce the number of unwanted animals through the promotion of low cost spay and neuter procedures at local veterinary hospitals and clinics.
2. Reduce the number of animals impounded at the local shelter through the promotion of a citywide licensing program that includes all animals (e.g. cats, dogs and other)
3. Increase the number of animals returned to their owners (and reduce euthanasia of unclaimed animals) by increasing access to education, licensing and microchipping services in hard-to-reach communities (particularly those where animal populations have been difficult to manage)
4. Expand education and volunteer training programs to support the mission of Animal Care Services and enforcement of the municipal code, particularly in those areas of the city where animal populations have become difficult to manage.

### BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

In May 2007, the City Council asked the City Manager to develop a proposal for controlling our animal population with elements that included mandatory microchipping, cat licensing and mandatory spay/neutering for biting animals or those impounded more than a certain number of times (see attached report). In January 2008, staff returned with a report detailing strategies aimed at reducing the number of homeless pets in our city in an effort to reduce the number of animals euthanized annually.

In March 2008 the City Council's Public Safety Committee discussed similar issues related to vicious dog biting, administrative fines, mandatory microchipping and a linkage between mandatory education and fines. The committee's policy recommendations were approved,

the City Council in April 2008 and the ensuing municipal code changes were adopted on July 21, 2009.

However, there are still significant public policy elements that need to be addressed to reduce the number of unclaimed animals euthanized each year at the local shelter. This includes targeted legislative changes by the City Council, operational changes by Animal Care Services, and an increased level of awareness and engagement with the community around the issues of responsible pet ownership.

#### **Reducing Unwanted Animals: Spay and Neuter**

A key component in reducing the number of animals impounded and euthanized each year is to encourage pet owners to spay & neuter their pets. Animal Care Services works with non-profit partners such as Friends of Long Beach Animals to distribute vouchers for spay/neuter services at local veterinary hospitals. These community groups have done a tremendous job of reducing spay/neutering costs to residents, while increasing the number of spay/neuter procedures for cats and dogs by 15,100 over the past 11 years. Still, 6,167 unclaimed dogs and cats were euthanized by the City of Long Beach in 2008 (of which 76 percent were cats), indicating that much more must be done to limit breeding and hold people accountable for their animals. As a community, we must promote a strategy that will reduce the cost and expand the capacity within our city to provide spay/neuter services for both cats and dogs.

#### **Increasing Healthy Outcomes: Licensing and Microchipping**

In 2008, approximately 63 percent of dogs, and 17 percent of cats were returned to their owners or found new homes after entering the shelter. While the "Live Release Rate" (the number of animals finding healthy outcomes), has increased in 2009, a key component to improving adoption, redemption and rehabilitation to an acceptable level is through licensing and microchipping dogs, cats and other animals. This provides the best opportunity for Animal Care Services to return animals before they are ever impounded. In 2009, Animal Care Services received a donated, out-of-commission Navy ambulance. These types of assets should be deployed to bring affordable licensing and microchipping services to hard-to-reach areas of the city through the increased use of cost-effective mobile clinics and outreach events.

#### **Promoting Responsible Pet Ownership and Accountability: Licensing**

By far, the largest population of animals euthanized at the shelter in 2008 (over 4,600), were free-roaming cats. While it is illegal for residents of Long Beach to possess unaltered cats, owners continue to allow their cats to roam outdoors and produce hundreds of unwanted litters on an annual basis. To increase the number of cats returned to their owners, improve enforcement of current laws, and reduce the number of cats euthanized at the shelter each year, the City Council needs to encourage a cat-licensing program equal to that of dogs. A survey of (95) cities and (2) counties in the Los Angeles region indicates that (62) cities and (1) county unincorporated area provides for some form of cat licensing. At least (7) of these cities and the unincorporated area of Los Angeles County have confirmed that cat licensing is mandatory. These include:

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- Los Angeles County (unincorporated areas)
- City of Carson
- City of Hawaiian Gardens
- City of La Puente
- City of Lancaster
- City of Lomita
- City of Lynwood
- City of Palmdale

While average fees for cat licensing are between \$5.00 and \$10.00 to cover the costs for administration and registration, licensing provides Animal Care Services with the tools to return animals to their owners and hold owners accountable for allowing their unaltered cats to roam. Model cities and national organizations such as the Humane Society of the United States (HSUS) have already provided evidence that these strategies work. The step towards mandatory licensing of all animals in Long Beach should not deter the ongoing efforts of Animal Care Services and their partners to address free roaming cat populations throughout the city such as the shoreline, parks and industrial areas in a humane manner.

#### **Engaging the Community: Education and Volunteer Opportunities**

Reaching out to those areas of the city where pet overpopulation and neglected animals are more prevalent requires a new strategy for community engagement and volunteerism. Currently, there are only three License Inspectors canvassing communities to check dog licenses, speak with residents, encourage responsible pet ownership and ensure compliance with existing municipal codes. Another 14 Animal Control Officers will respond to over 24,000 calls for service after problems have occurred. To reverse this trend, the City must promote strategies that go beyond emergency response and embrace prevention as a priority.

Resources must be leveraged to increase volunteerism and community engagement over issues where they are needed most (e.g. barking dogs, off-leash, defecation, wildlife conflict, free-roaming cats). Community-based prevention strategies not only reduce the number of unwanted animals impounded and euthanized each year, but also reduces costs associated with animal care and impounds.

There is no single strategy that will alter this community-based problem of animal overpopulation. However, doing the same thing and expecting different results is not a responsible policy. To drive down the number of animals impounded at the shelter each year, the City must work with residents to promote licensing, microchipping, vaccinations and spay and neuter of animals. These strategies work together and have worked in other communities; but require an expanded partnership between the community, non-profit, private and public sectors. The vision of Animal Care Services is to make Long Beach the safest large city in California for people and animals. The expansion of spay and neuter services, cat licensing, mobile services and community engagement are the building blocks for achieving this vision.